

HARBOR HILLS
2017
CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

The Freeland Water and Sewer District Commissioners along with Whidbey Water Services LLC are proud to give you the Annual Drinking Water Report, which is a summary of Harbor Hills' drinking water quality last year between January and December. Safe drinking water is our primary commitment.

Why am I receiving this report?

Congress passed the "Safe Drinking Water Act" and gave the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the job of making rules – National Primary Drinking Water Regulations (NPDWR) – to ensure that drinking water in the U.S. is safe.

In 1996, Congress passed amendments that required drinking water systems to give consumers important information about their water, including where it comes from, what is in the water, and how your water quality compares with federal standards.

This report is brought to you in accordance with the EPA's 40 Codes of Federal Regulations, NPDWR Parts 141 and 142.

Where does our water come from?

The single available water resource in the surrounding area is ground water. At the present time your water system draws all its water from one Well.

Why must you test my water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain very small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily mean that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

What contaminants might be in water?

Contaminants that may be present in water are microbial contaminants, inorganic contaminants, pesticides and herbicides, and organic chemical contaminants.

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from septic systems or wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be a natural occurrence or a result from storm water runoff or domestic wastewater discharges.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources, such as agricultural and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, which include synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, are by-products of industrial processes, and could come from urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Are there Contaminants in Harbor Hills' water?

We are pleased to report that Harbor Hills Water System exceeded all the federal drinking water standards last year. However, it is not always possible to remove all contaminants. The EPA sets limits on the amount of a contaminant that can be in drinking water. Our Water Manager tests your water monthly for **Coliform**, which can show the presence of microorganisms that could cause illness. We have also tested for **Lead and Copper leaching** in homes throughout the water system, and at the wells for **Inorganic, Organic and Volatile Compounds, Radionuclides**. All the test results were well below the allowable levels set by the EPA and the Washington State Department of Health.

Is our water safe for everyone?

Some people may be more vulnerable to the drinking water contaminants than the general population. Immune-compromised persons, such as people with cancer that are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA Centers for Disease Control have guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants that are available from the Safe Drinking Water hotline (800) 426-4791.

What if I have questions about my water?

Contact: Andy Campbell (Whidbey Water Services, LLC) Certified Water Distribution Manager at telephone number: (360)579-1535 or Email at: waterwork@whidbey.com.

Please conserve water to protect our aquifer. For conservation ideas visit

<http://www.doh.wa.gov/CommunityandEnvironment/WastewaterManagement/WaterConservation>

Important Definitions:

Maximum contaminant Level (MCL) = The Highest Level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water below which there is not known or expected risk to health. MCLs are set close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) = The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

CCRU – Consumer Confidence Report Unit, are actual units multiplied by 1000 for ease of comparison.

HARBOR HILLS **2017 WATER TEST RESULTS**

<u>Substance</u>	<u>Month/Year Sample Taken</u>	Highest Level Allowed (MCL) in CCR units	Water Level Detected in CCR units	Major Sources of Contaminant in Drinking Water
<u>Radionuclide's</u>				
Gross Alpha	12-15	15000	2200	Erosion of Mineral Deposits. Naturally occurring in groundwater.
Radium 228	11-15	5000	500	Erosion of Mineral deposits naturally occurring in groundwater.
<u>Disinfection By-Products</u>				
Chlorine Residual	2017	4000	300	Measure of disinfectant added to water.
Halocetic Acids	12-17	60000	4600	By-product of disinfection.
Total Trihalomethanes	12-17	80000	10000	By-product of disinfection.
<u>Inorganic Contaminants</u>				
Fluoride	9-10	4000	200	Erosion of Mineral deposits naturally occurring in groundwater. Naturally present in the environment.
Copper	12-16	1300	91	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	08-15	15	1.7	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.